



Summer Vacation Homework - Class III

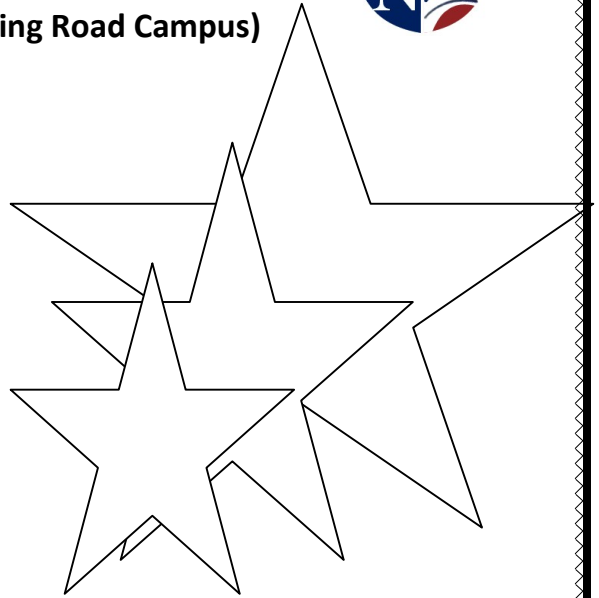


American Lycetuff (Ring Road Campus)



Subjects.

- 1. English***
- 2. Urdu***
- 3. Mathematics***
- 4. Social Studies***
- 5. Science***
- 6. Computer***
- 7. Islamiyat***



Name:

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR PARENTS

Please follow these instructions while getting this vacation work done by your kids;

- 1-** This pack shall cover the syllabus for the months of April and May with daily/weekly breakdown.
- 2-** Daily diary for this breakdown will be uploaded on EDN Parent App for your support.
- 3-** Students will have to complete Homework task on given dates as per daily diary.
- 4-** Daily completion of Homework shall enable student to follow the routine.
- 5-** You are requested to only guide the children to complete the task.
- 6-** Please ensure the Homework is neat and tidy. Use Rough notebooks for practice work.
- 7-** Final date for the submission of work is subjected to the Re-open of Schools as per government directives.
- 8-** Total (10) marks have been allocated for completion of Homework from Grade 1 to 9, as per followings:
 - a. Neatness: (02) Marks
 - b. Completion and accuracy: (06) Marks
 - c. Handwriting: (02) Marks

Stay Safe!

**Best Regards,
Principal**

چھٹیوں کا کام

والدین کے لئے ضروری ہدایات

محترم والدین:

بچوں سے کام کرواتے ہوئے مندرجہ ذیل باتوں کو مد نظر رکھیں:

- ۱۔ آپ کو مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ یہ پیک اپریل اور مئی کے سلیبس کی روزانہ / ہفتہ وار تقسیم کار پر مشتمل ہے۔
- ۲۔ اس پلاننگ پر مشتمل ہوم ورک ڈائری روزانہ کی بنیاد پر EDN PARENT APP پر اپلوڈ کی جائیگی۔ جس کے مطابق کام کرنا ہرنچے کے لیے نہایت ضروری ہے۔
- ۳۔ یاد رہے کہ روزانہ کی بنیاد پر ہوم ورک کی تکمیل سے ہی بچے سلیبس مکمل کر پائیں گے۔
- ۴۔ آپ سے گزارش ہے کہ کام کی تکمیل میں بچوں کی صرف رہنمائی کریں اور انھیں کام خود کرنے دیں۔ اسکول کھلنے پر کام میں ضروری اصلاح اساتذہ خود کروائیں گے۔
- ۵۔ کوشش کریں کہ بچوں کا کام صاف اور خوشخط ہو۔ لکھائی کے لئے نوٹ بک یا ریف رجسٹر استعمال کریں۔
- ۶۔ کام مکمل کرنے کے بعد اسکول میں جمع کروانے کی تاریخ کا اعلان حکومت کے احکامات کے مطابق کیا جائیگا۔
- ۷۔ چھٹیوں کا کام مکمل کرنے پر بچوں کو اعزازی نمبروں سے نوازا جائیگا جنھیں پہلی سہ ماہی کے امتحانات میں شامل کیا جائیگا۔

احتیاط کریں اور محفوظ رہیں

اسکول پرنسپل

Progressive

English

Unit # 1 (Meet the family)

Q: Reading with dictation words

Read out the sentences (with a straight face!) from page 110 of the Book.

Answers to listening exercise

- 1) Mr Burki is not going to the seaside next weekend.
- 2) Mr Burki is going to Nepal.
- 3) He's going to build a bridge (in the mountains) there.
- 4) Mrs Burki will not be free next weekend.
- 5) She's going to paint the three children of her friend
- 6) She's going to paint a family picture of the three children.
- 7) The children are going to stay with Grandma and Grandpa for the weekend / for three nights.

Q: - Look at the family tree in Lesson 1. Use the words in the box to complete the sentences.

1. Uncle
2. Aunt
3. Grand daughter
4. Mother

Example. Mr. Burki is Mrs.Dani's sister

1. Mr.Burki is Fahad's _____ .
2. Mrs.Dani is Imran's _____ .
3. Saira is Grandma's _____ .
4. Mrs.Burki is Grandpa's _____ .

Q. Answer the puzzles.

- 1) Saira 2) Grandpa 3) Mr Dani 4) Imran

Example. I am Mariam's mother's sister . My name is Mrs Burki.

1. I am Imran's twin sister . My name is _____ .
2. I am Fahad's sister . My name is _____ .
3. I am Fahad's sister grandfather . My name is _____ .
4. I am Mr Dani's sister's son. My name is _____ .

Q: Write the words in the correct order in your exercise book. Start each sentence with a capital letter.

Correct sentences.

- 1) Nadia was talking quietly to her friend
- 2) After supper Mrs Burki told a story.
- 3) 3. We must go and say hello.
- 4) To whom are you speaking?
- 5) My aunt speaks very quickly.
- 6) I like talking about sports.
- 7) Please say the telephone number again slowly.
- 8) I asked her a question but she did not say anything.

Q: Punctuation. Write the story in your notebook using capital letters.

Punctuated paragraph.

Mrs Burki arrived home on Monday evening. 'Hello, Saira!' she said. 'Did you have a nice weekend, Mummy?' Saira asked. 'It was hard work,' said Mrs Burki. 'There were three children and I had to paint all their pictures.' 'How old were the children?' asked Saira. 'The oldest was twelve and the youngest was six,' Mrs Burki answered.

Q: Read paragraph about Sandra Bate's family. (Page# 5)

Q: Answer of questions . (page #5)

ANSWERS.

1. She lives in Aston.
2. Ed.
3. He's a reporter.
- 2) He's ten.
- 3) Judy.
- 4) She's a doctor.
- 5) She's eight.
- 6) In Karachi.

Unit # 2 (THREE LITTLE GOATS)

Q: Reading with dictation words.

Read the story and answer the question. (Page# 6)

Answers:

1. No, he can't.
2. He's collecting materials for the bridge.
3. They are doing their homework.
4. Stone and steel.
5. She's reading all the time.

Q: Listen and tick to show where the books are. (PAGE# 6)

ANSWERS: -

- 1) The Fisherman — missing
- 2) The Three Little Goats — out
- 3) Space Story — in
- 4) The Wishing Stone — out

Q. Use the new words from Ex. 1 to complete the sentences. (Pgae#7)

ANSWERS.

Example: stone, steel

1. Steel 2. Steel, wood/plastic 3. Bricks 4. Wood, steel, plastic 5. Wood

Q. Spelling patterns -ck / -ck-

chicken, kick, tick, pick, lick back, sack sock, rock, lock

Q. Read the story. (page #8 & 9)

Q. Answer the following questions. (page# 9)

ANSWERS.

1. In the mountains.
2. They heard that there was a big wolf in the mountains, not far away.
3. In the evening.
4. Because the wolf blew at the house and the house was shaking.

Q. Complete the sentences with words from the story.

(ANSWERS)

1. Afraid 2. Blew 3. Horns 4. Wooden 5. Chimney

Q. Match the two parts to make complete sentences. (Page#10)

(COMPLETE SENTENCES) .

Example: Tinyhorns collected some straw and built a straw house.

1. Tinyhorns woke up because the house was shaking.
2. The wolf blew down the straw house but Tinyhorns escaped.
3. The goats needed a stronger house, so they built one of bricks.
4. The wolf blew at the brick house but couldn't blow it down.

Q. Join the pairs of sentences with 'so' or 'because'.

(SOLVED)

1. Shorthorns went to the store because he wanted to buy some bricks.
2. He didn't buy any bricks there because they were too expensive.
3. At the brick factory they were much cheaper, so he bought 500.
4. He borrowed a cart because there were so many bricks.
5. But he couldn't pull the cart because it was too heavy.
6. He ran to get Longhorns and Tinyhorns because he needed help.
7. They were afraid of the wolf, so they built their house very quickly.
8. They didn't like smoky houses, so they put a chimney in the roof.

Q. Punctuate this passage and choose the correct conjunctions to complete the sentences.

(SOLVED)

I wasn't sleeping well **because** I was dreaming about the wolf in the story. Suddenly, I woke up **and** heard a noise outside the house. It sounded like the big wolf. At first, I was afraid, **so** I didn't get out of bed. I tried to get to sleep again **but** I couldn't. Then I heard the noise again, **so** I got out of bed **and** went to the window. I looked out of the window **but** I couldn't see anything. Then I saw an animal under the trees. It wasn't a wolf **because** its tail was longer than a wolf's tail. Suddenly, it ran up the tree **and** I saw it was a monkey. I went back to bed **and** went to sleep.

Q. Are these sentences true (T) or false (F)?

1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F

Q. Use your own words to complete these sentences.

Sample answers

1. ... it was built of bricks .2. ... blow the house down ...
3. ... put more sticks on the fire. 4. ... put some wet leaves on the fire.
5. ... it fell into ... 6. ... put the lid on the pot and a heavy stone on the lid
...

Unit# 3 (SEND ME AN EMAIL)

Q. Reading with dictation words.

Q. Read the dialogue again and answer these questions.(page#12)

(ANSWERS)

1. An Internet café.
2. From Karachi.
3. No. The man doesn't live in Clifton now.

Answer questions about these nationalities.

1. **Where do Bangladeshi people live?**
Ans. In Bangladesh and in Britain.
2. **Where do Afghani people live?**
Ans. In Afghanistan and in Pakistan.
3. **Where do Chinese people live?**
Ans. In China, and in Britain, the USA, Malaysia, Singapore and Australia.
4. **Where do Nepalese people live?**
Ans. In Nepal and in India.
5. **Where do Iranian people live?**
Ans. In Iran and in Britain.
6. **Where do British people live?**
Ans. In Britain many other countries. in, Australia, France and

Q. Answer questions about these languages.

Sample questions and answers

Q. Where do they speak Chinese?

Ans: In China and in Britain.

Q. Where do they speak Nepali?

Ans: In Nepal and in India.

Q. Where do they speak Sindhi?

Ans: In Pakistan.

Q. Where do they speak English?

Ans: In the USA, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and in Britain.

Q. Where do they speak Pashto?

Ans: In Pakistan and in Afghanistan.

Q. Spelling

Copy the adjectives from exercise no 2 .

- a) -ian Iranian.
- b) -ese Chinese, Nepalese.
- c) -ish British.
- d) -i Pakistani, Bangladeshi, Afghani.

Q. Find two paragraphs to match these pictures. Read page#14 & 15

(ANSWERS)

- a) left-hand picture: paragraph 1.
- b) right-hand picture: paragraph 2.

Q. Read the email again and answer these questions.

(ANSWERS)

1. In an Internet café in Kathmandu.
2. No

3. Because the Nepalese can't understand Urdu.

4. In the dry season.

5. Shorter.

6. a) no b) yes

Q. Complete MrBurki's email using the given adverbs.

(SOLVED)

On Friday, I got lost in the mountains! I **usually** start my walk from the town to the village at two o'clock. But on Friday, I started my walk **at four o'clock**. **Two hours later**, it started to get dark. I made a mistake and took the wrong path. The path ended in some fields and I was lost! I walked **slowly** downhill again. Suddenly, I saw a light in a house. I knocked **loudly** on the door, and asked the people for help because I was lost. I slept the rest of the night in their house. **The next morning**, I found the right path. I'll **never** walk at night in the mountains again!

Q. Now write the adverbs on the correct line.

- a) When? on Friday, at four o'clock, the next morning, two hours later.
- b) How often? never, usually
- c) How? loudly, slowly.

Q. Put the words in the right order to make complete sentences. End each sentence with a full stop.

(SOLVED)

- 1. Last Saturday, we went to the seaside for the day.
- 2. We left the house at ten o'clock in the morning.
- 3. We arrived at the seaside one hour later.
- 4. My sister usually swims twice during the day.
- 5. My mother never swims in the sea.
- 6. My father sometimes swims, but not always.
- 7. I eat more fruit than my sister.
- 8. My sister reads less than me.
- 9. My mother drinks more cola than my father.

Q. The American poet, e. e. cummings, used very little punctuation and no capital letters. Write the poem in your notebook with the normal punctuation and capitals.

Maggie and Milly and Molly and May
Went down to the beach (to play one day),
And Maggie discovered a shell that sang
So sweetly she couldn't remember her troubles, and
Milly befriended a stranded star
Whose rays five languid fingers were;
And Molly was chased by a horrible thing
Which raced sideways while blowing bubbles: and
May came home with a smooth round stone,
As small as a world and as large as alone.
For whatever we lose (like a you or a me),
It's always ourselves we find in the sea.

LET'S STUDY

ENGLISH

CONCEPT

Q. Do page # 35 to 64

Q. Write definition of ADJECTIVE with examples. (on notebook)

Q. Write definition of PREPOSITION with examples. (on notebook)

Q. Explain PUNCTUATION and mention some common punctuation marks.

Q. Define TENSES and its types. (just names) (on notebook)

NOTE. Take help from book.

Subject

SCIENCE

Unit # 3 (Plants Around Us)

Answer the following questions.

1. Why the leaf is called the food factory of the plant?

Ans. Roots absorb and send water and nutrients from soil to leaves . Leaves are where plants make most of the food by a process called “photosynthesis” . That’s why leave is called as “the food factory”.

2. Why do butterflies and humming bees visit flowers?

Ans. The rich colors of flowers attract butterflies and humming bees that’s why they visit flowers.

Unit # 4 (The life cycle of plants)

Answer the following questions.

1. Draw and explain the life cycle of a sun flower?

Ans. Life cycle of sun flower.

- 1. The plants start life as a seed which germinates and grow into a plant.*
- 2. The mature plants produce flowers which produce seeds in a fruit or a seed pot.*
- 3. The plant actually dies, living seeds which germinate to produce new flower / plant.*

2. Explain the process of germination in detail.

STEPS OF GERMINATION.

3. Lable the different stages of the life cycle of an apple plant.

Unit # 5 (OUR BODY AND BALANCED DIET)

Answer the following questions.

1. Why do we need food?

Ans. We need food because we need energy for work and play.

2. What do we mean by a balanced diet?

Ans. A balanced died means eating the right variety of food in the right amount.

3. What is a food pyramid?

Ans. The food pyramid is a guide that tells us which food to eat and in what amount.

4. *Why should we exercise daily?*

Ans. To stay healthy and wise we should exercise daily.

Compare these planets.

(a) *Mercury with Earth*

(b) *Uranus with Neptune*

(a) Mercury with Earth.

(MERCURY) *Mercury is the closest planet to the sun is only about as wide as the Atlantis ocean . 18 mercurizes would fit into the Earth . There is no water on mercury. It is the hottest and fastest moving planet .*

(EARTH) *Earth is the third planet to sun and fifth largest planet of our solar system . It is the only place where life is known to currently exist . Earth is 70% water.*

(b)Uranus with Neptune.

(URANUS) *Uranus is the second fastest planet from the sun . Uranus roughly takes 84 years to complete its one orbit around the sun . Uranus is blue not because of water but because of the gases that make it appears blue.*

(NEPTUNE) *Like Uranus , Neptune also appear blue . Neptune ie fastest planet from the sun . It takes 165 years to complete its orbit ones around the sun.*

Subject

Social Study

Unit # 4 (WEATHER AND CLIMATE)

Answer the following questions. (Page # 24)

1—Define the following.

(a) Weather.

The state of atmosphere around us is called weather. It changes every day.

(b) Climate.

Climate is the average weather in a given area over a longer period of time.

(c) Metrologist.

Metrology is the name given to the science of pure measurement.

(d) Rain Gauge: -

It collects and measure the amount of rain that has fallen .

(e) Thermometer: -

A thermometer is a device that measures temperature using physical principle.

(f) Anemometer: -

An anemometer measures the speed of wind by comparing an analog signal with a precalibrated values.

(g) Barometer.

A barometer is a scientific instrument used in metrology to measure atmospheric pressure.

(g) Air pressure.

Air pressure is the weight of air molecules pressing down on the Earth. Scientists use the term one atmosphere to describe the pressure at sea level.

(h) Wind vane.

Wind vane is used to measure where the wind is going to. It is also called as weather vane.

Unit # 5 (LIFE IN A FOREIGN COUNTRY)

Answer the following questions.

1—Where does Sara live?

Ans. Sara lives in Lahore in PAKISTAN.

2—Where does Kate live?

Ans:= Kate lives in England in United Kingdom.

3—Name two other cities of Pakistan.

1. Sialkot
2. Islamabad

4—Name two other countries of Unites Kingdom.

1. London
2. Northen Ireland.

Unit # 6 (ROAD SAFTY)

Answer the following questions.

Q.1 What are the rules of crossing a busy road?

1. Always cross the road at a zebra crossing or a safe place.
2. Never try to get on a moving vehicle.
3. Make sure you can see both ways clearly. Do not cross from behind a parked vehicle.

Q.2 Why should we follow traffic rules?

Traffic rules help to maintain discipline on the road to avoid any accidents. Most of the accidents occur due to not following the traffic rules.

Q.3 What are the safety rules for travelling in a vehicle?

- 1- We should follow traffic light and traffic police man.
- 2- Board or get off a bus only at a bus stop.
- 3- Don't ride a bicycle or bike on the without your parents permission.

Subject

Computer

Unit # 3 (KEYBOARD)

Q. Reading.

Q. Underline 10 words on each page for dictation and write it in your notebook.

Q. Answer the following questions. (page # 28)

1- What is the use of a shift key?

Ans. There are two shift keys on keyboard . it is used to type capital letters.

2-Which key is used to move the cursor to the next line?

Ans. Enter key is used to move the cursor to the next line.

3-Which key is used to insert a blank space between letters or numbers?

Ans. Space bar

4-Write down the names of different type of keys on the keyboard?

- Letter keys
- Number keys
- Function keys
- Punctuation keys
- Symbol keys
- Arrow keys

Q. Exercise work.

Unit# 4 (WINDOW DESKTOP)

Q. Reading.

Q. Underline 10 words on each page for dictation and write it in your notebook.

Q. Answer the following questions. (page# 38)

1-What is a desktop?

*Ans. A few seconds after the welcome message , you will see a screen on the monitor ,
this is called desktop.*

2-What is an icon?

Ans. Small pictures on the desktop , are called as icons.

3-Where the start button is located on the task bar?

Ans. Start button is located on the left side of the task bar.

4-What is a folder?

Ans. A is just like a drawer where we can keep many files together. In other words , we can say that it is used to store a group of files.

Q. Exercise work.

ACTIVITY

Q. Make model of these by using different material.

- ❖ KEYBOARD
- ❖ LAPTOP

Q. Draw different icons of desktop and write their names. (on hard paper)

For example.

- My Computer
- Recycle Bin
- &
- Ms .Paint

Revision of UNIT # 1

- Reading
- Exercise
- Answer questions

Dictation words

Revision of UNIT # 2

- * Reading
- * Exercise
- * Answer questions

Subject

Mathematics

Q. Do page # 24 to 87

Q. Write 6 to 11 times table (on notebook)

Q. Write Roman counting (on notebook) (I to XX) .

Take help from page# 64&65

Q. Write counting in words (one to hundred) (on notebook)

Subject

Urdu

یونٹ نمبر 1 تفہیم (رنگوں کی بہار)

مشق۔ -

سوالوں کے جواب لکھیے۔

کون سے رنگ ملانے سے تمام رنگ بنتے ہیں؟۔

ج۔ درج ذیل رنگوں کو ملانے سے تمام رنگ بنتے ہیں

لال۔

نیلا۔

پیلا۔

جانور رنگوں سے کیا کام لیتے ہیں؟ کوئی سے دو کام لکھیے۔

۱) گرگٹ اپنا رنگ ماحول کی مناسبت سے بدل لیتے ہے جو اسے چھپنے میں مدد دیتا ہے

۲) اکثر جانوروں کی رنگ سے دوسرے جانوروں کو کچھ اشارے بھی ملتے ہیں مثلاً چمکتا ہوا لال اور پیلا رنگ بتاتا ہے کی جانور زہر پیلا ہے۔

سوچئے اگر دنیا میں رنگ نہ ہوں تو ہمیں کیسا لگے گا؟

ج) رنگوں کے بغیر یا دنیا بالکل مردہ پتے کی مانند لگے گی۔

آپکا پسندیدہ رنگ کونسا ہے؟

ج) طلباء علم اپنا پسندیدہ رنگ لکھیں۔

یونٹ نمبر 2۔ موضوع: سیر

گرمی کی چھٹیاں۔

سوالوں کے جوابات لکھیئے۔

ابو کو سُننے جانے کے لیے کیوں راضی نہیں ہو رہے تھے؟

ابو کی ٹانگ کا آپریشن ہوا تھا اس لیے وہ احتیاط کی وجہ سے جانے کے لیے راضی نہیں ہو رہے تھے۔

تینوں بچوں نے الگ الگ بستے کیوں بنائے؟

ج) ڈاکٹر نے ابو کو بھاری سامان اٹھانے سے منع کیا تھا اس لیے تینوں بچوں نے الگ الگ بستے تیار کیے اور خود ہی اٹھانے کا فیصلہ کیا۔

سفر کامز اکیوں نہیں آ رہا تھا؟

ج) رات ہونے کی وجہ سے سفر کامز انہیں آ رہا تھا۔

سڑک کے کنارے لگے بورڈ پر کیا لکھا تھا؟

ج) سڑک کے کنارے لگے بورڈ پر "سریاب روڈ" لکھا تھا۔

Subject

Islamiat

موضوع۔ ارکان اسلام

موضوع۔ جھوٹ سے پرہیز۔

موضوع۔ رشتے داروں کے حقوق۔

پڑھائی۔

مشقی سوالات۔ حل کریں۔

سوالات کے جوابات یاد کریں

اللہ تعالیٰ کے 99 ناموں میں سے پہلے 25 زبانی یاد کریں۔

سورۃ الناس

سورۃ الکوثر۔